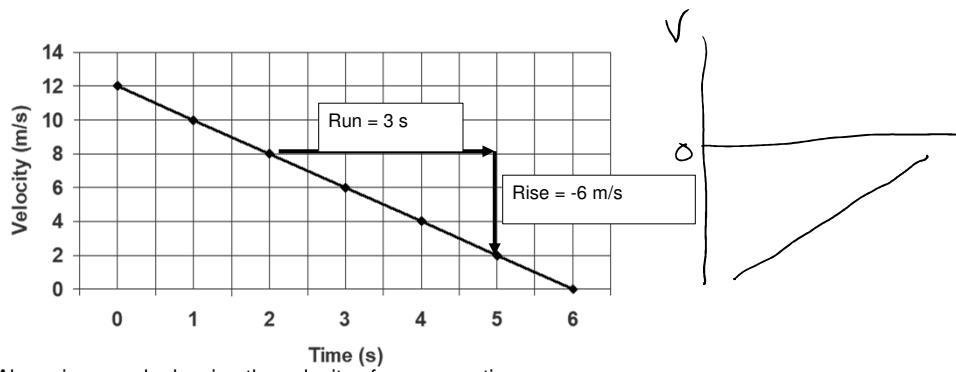


Velocity vs Time Graphs

1

Question



Above is a graph showing the velocity of a car over time.

1. How is the velocity of the car changing (speeding up, slowing down, or staying the same)? *Slowing Down*
2. How do we know? *Velocity is approaching zero*
3. What do we call this? *Decelerate*

2

What is Acceleration?

The change in an object's velocity over time.

$\Delta v / \Delta t$

$$\text{Acceleration} = \frac{\text{Change in velocity}}{\text{Change in time}} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{\text{m/s}}{\text{s}} = \boxed{\text{m/s}^2}$$

Acceleration = slope on a velocity vs. time graph

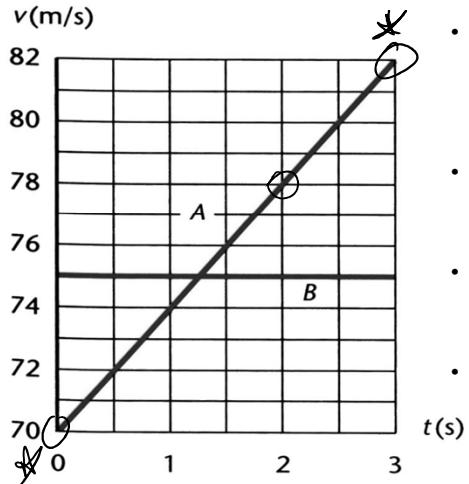
3

Velocity-Time Graphs

- Shows the velocity of an object over time.
 - Slope tells you the acceleration of the object.
 - Area tells you the displacement of the object.

4

Velocity Vs. Time Graphs.



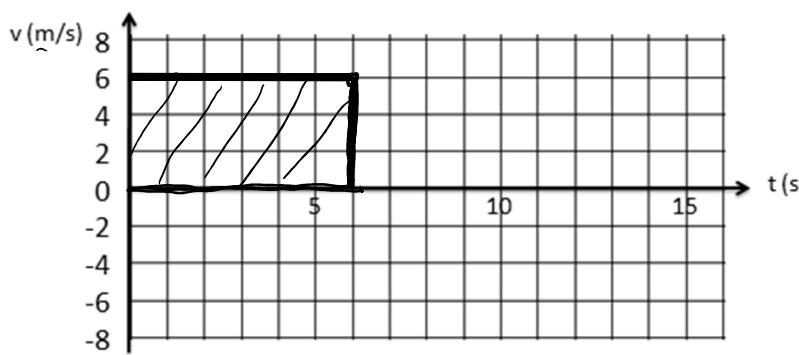
- What is the velocity of object A at 2 seconds? 78 m/s
- What is the acceleration of object A?

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{82-70}{3-0} = \frac{12}{3} = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$$
- Describe the motion of object B.
Moving At A Constant 75 m/s
- What is the acceleration of object B?

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{0}{3} = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

5

Finding Displacement on a Velocity–Time Graph

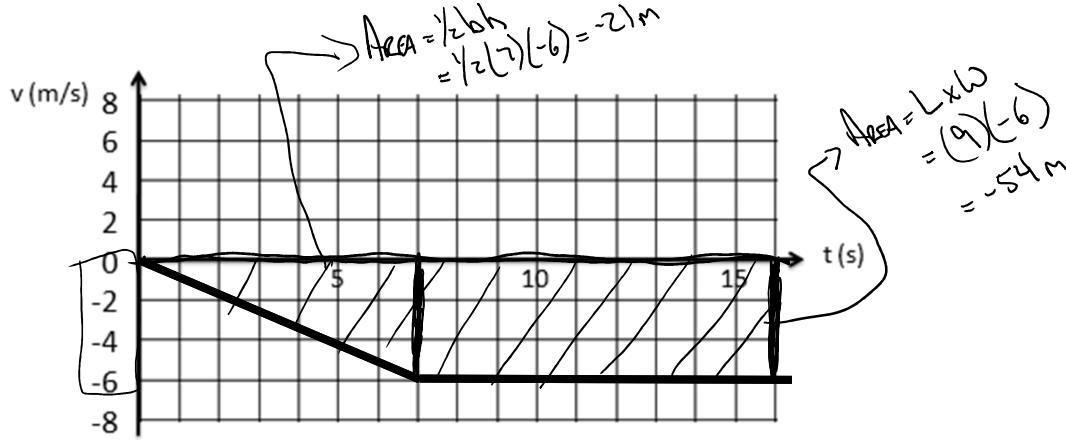


- What is the displacement shown?

$$\text{Area} = L \times W = 6 \times 6 = \underline{\underline{36 \text{ m}}}$$

6

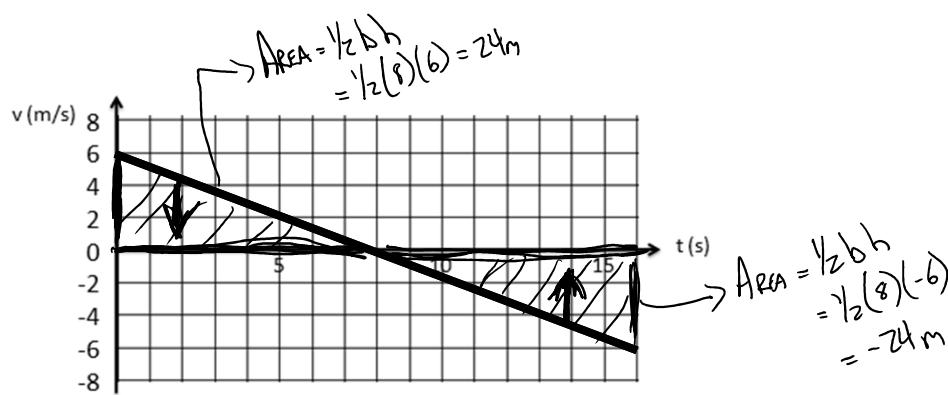
Finding Displacement on a Velocity–Time Graph



- What is the displacement shown?
 $(-15) + (-30) = -45\text{m}$

7

Finding Displacement on a Velocity–Time Graph



- What is the displacement shown?
 $= 15 + (-30) = \underline{\underline{-15\text{m}}}$

8