

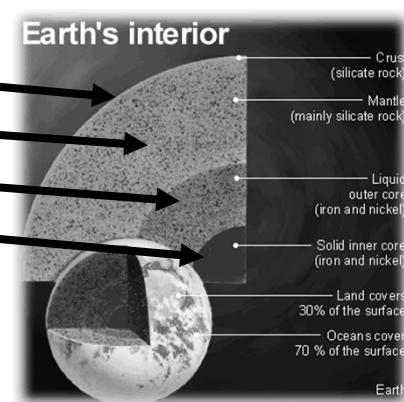
# The Inner Forces of the Earth

Plate Tectonics

1

## Earth's Structure

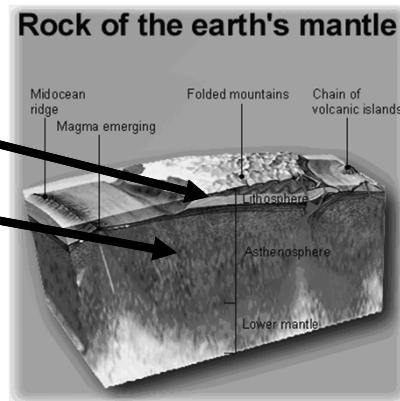
- Crust
- Mantle
- Outer Core
- Inner Core



2

# Earth's Mantle

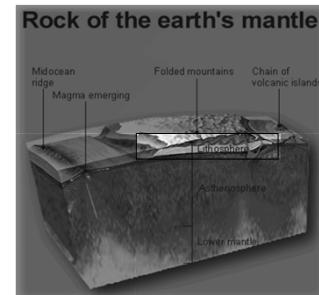
- Lithosphere
- Asthenosphere



3

## Lithosphere

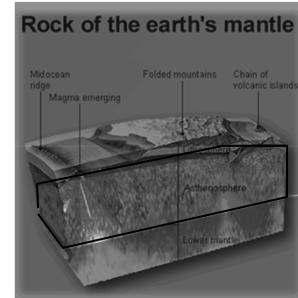
- \_\_\_\_\_ but broken plates that move with respect to one another
- Approximately 100 km thick



4

# Asthenosphere

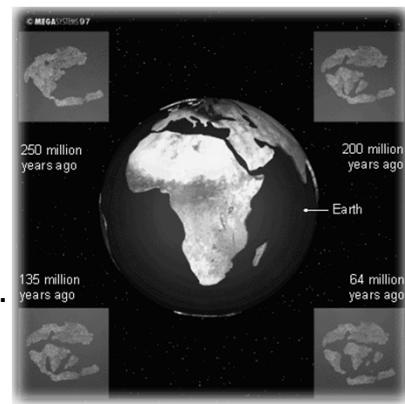
- Layer between lithosphere and mantle
- Thought to cause plate movement
- The molten property allows the asthenosphere to flow slowly due to \_\_\_\_\_



5

# Origin of Plate Tectonic Theory

- Theory of \_\_\_\_\_, first proposed by Alfred Wegener, in 1912.
- Theory stated that the continents were once one major super continent and have slowly moved to their present positions over time.
- Jigsaw puzzle fit of continental plates especially South America and Africa



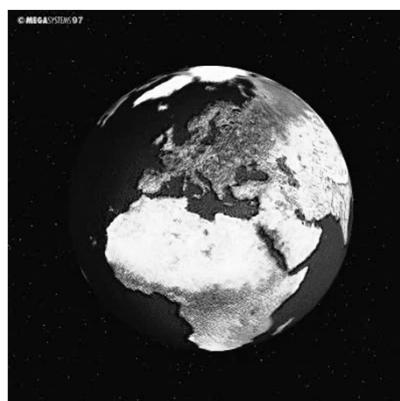
6

## Plate Tectonics

- The study of the formation and movement of the rigid plates that make up the Earth's outer layer
- The \_\_\_\_\_ plates move on the asthenosphere
- There are both continental and oceanic plates

7

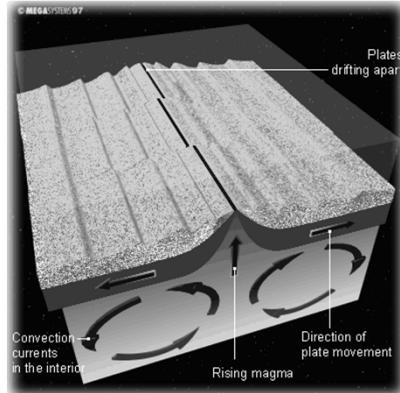
## Plate Boundaries



8

# Diverging Boundaries

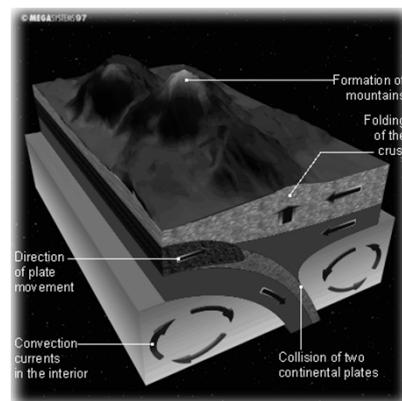
- A.k.a spreading centers
- Where two plates \_\_\_\_\_



9

# Converging Boundaries: Collision

- Where two continental plates \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- Forms a mountain range



10

# Sliding Boundaries

- Also known as \_\_\_\_\_ boundaries.
- Plates slide past each other
- Ex: San Andreas Fault
  - SW California on Pacific Plate and is moving NW
  - Rest of CA and US on North American Plate moving past Pacific Plate
  - Average rate of movement = 5 cm / year

