

Free Fall

1

Falling Objects

- Gravity acts on all falling objects.
- Gravity is not dependent on mass.
- When an object is dropped, its initial velocity is 0 m/s.
- Down is considered to be in the negative direction. Up is positive.
- When an object is thrown down, its initial velocity will be negative.
- When an object is falling downward, its displacement will be negative.
- Acceleration due to gravity is -9.80 m/s^2
- Gravity varies slightly with on the surface of the Earth, but we use the average of -9.80 m/s^2 .
- Whenever an object is dropped on Earth, we can use -9.80 m/s^2 as the acceleration for that object.

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The Equations

- When acceleration is constant, we can find other information about the object's motion using the following equations:

$$v = v_o + at$$

$$v^2 = v_o^2 + 2a\Delta x$$

$$\Delta x = v_o t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

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Practice Problem #1

- A rock is dropped from the edge of a bridge 42 m above a river. How long will it take the rock to hit the river?

v	
v _o	
a	
t	
Δx	

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Practice Problem #2

- You throw a stone down with a velocity of 18.0 m/s from bridge. When it hits the ground it is traveling at a speed of 43.6 m/s.

– What is the height of the bridge?

– How long does it take to hit the ground?

v	
v_o	
a	
t	
Δx	

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Practice Problem #3

- A student drops a ball from the top the school. It takes 1.75 seconds to hit the ground.

– What is the velocity of the ball just before it hits the ground?

– What is the height of the school?

v	
v_o	
a	
t	
Δx	

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