

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Teacher \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

## Physics - "Application of Reflected and Refracted Light" Notes

If an object is transparent, how do we know it's there?

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

### Reflection

Law of Reflection \_\_\_\_\_

Two Types of Reflection

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

Does the law of reflection hold true for both types of reflection? \_\_\_\_\_

### Where should you aim?

You want to shine a laser in the corner of the fish tank. Where should you aim the laser?

- \_\_\_\_\_ directly at the corner of the tank
- \_\_\_\_\_ above the corner, on the side of the tank
- \_\_\_\_\_ below the corner, along the bottom of the tank

### Total Internal Reflection

- The complete reflection of light at the boundary of two transparent media; the effect occurs when the angle exceeds the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Only occurs when light is traveling from a \_\_\_\_\_ medium to a \_\_\_\_\_ medium.
- Theory behind \_\_\_\_\_
- This only occurs when \_\_\_\_\_
- The critical angle is \_\_\_\_\_

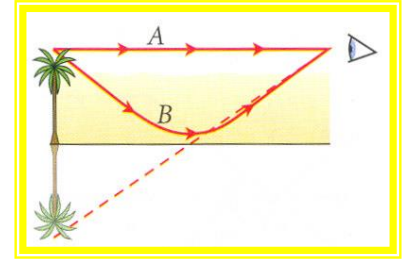
Equation:  $\sin\theta_c =$

### Sample 1

Find the critical angle for a water-air boundary if the index of refraction of water is 1.33.

## Refraction and Mirages

- A mirage can be observed when the ground is so hot that the air directly above is warmer than the air at higher elevations.
- This causes the air to have different densities and therefore different indices of refraction.
- The light \_\_\_\_\_ back up towards the eye.



## Dispersion

- The process of separating polychromatic (consisting of more than one color) light into its component wavelengths.
- The amount of dispersion depends on the \_\_\_\_\_.
- The index of refraction \_\_\_\_\_ with increasing wavelength.
- Shorter wavelengths (violet) bend \_\_\_\_\_ than longer (red) wavelengths.

## Rainbows

- What causes rainbows to form?
  - \_\_\_\_\_
  - \_\_\_\_\_